

- **Fourth graders read every day.** Students should write or talk about what they are reading on a daily basis. Books for fourth grade students should include a variety of genres as well as a focus on novels with complex characters, figurative language, and complex plots. The goal for 4th grade students is to secure a habit of monitoring their understanding as they read, as well as breaking up more complex texts as they are reading into smaller segments. Their stamina for independent reading increases to 30-35 minutes or longer.
- **Fourth graders write every day.** They write about personal experiences and develop expository pieces that include main ideas that are at least somewhat supported. Students also revise by re-reading to make sure their message makes sense and edit for conventions. Their stamina for independent writing increases to 30-35 minutes or longer.
- **Reader's and Writer's Workshop:** Each of these workshops lasts approximately one hour. The following format should be used during each workshop.
 - **Opening**: (10-15 min) A short reader's craft lesson where a target skill/strategy based on the TEKS is explicitly taught by the teacher. Students then practice briefly with teacher support.
 - **Work Period**: (30-50 min) Students practice target skill/strategy in partners and/or independently. Teacher pulls small reading/writing groups and confers with individual students to address specific needs. The remainder of the class practices the target skill/strategy from the opening.
 - **Closing:** (5-10 min) Teacher and students debrief about the target skill/strategy practiced in the work period. Students often show their work from reader's or writer's notebooks while discussing their understanding and application of the target skill/strategy.
- **Reading & Writing Journals:** Students record comments and thoughts about daily reading based on reader's craft lesson topics. Possible journal entries include progress towards reading goal(s), responses to independent reading, and/or reflections over shared reading. Through the use of journal writing students are provided daily opportunities to review and make connections in learning, improve communication skills, practice correct grammar, and encourage creativity.
- **Guided Reading:** An instructional practice designed to meet the needs of all levels of readers. It provides students an opportunity to problem solve while reading for meaning. The teacher works with a small group of students who are reading at or about the same text level and who have similar needs. GISD teachers use district approved resources to make informed decisions about how to best support each student's development of strategic literacy processing.
- **Book Clubs:** An instructional practice designed to get students excited about reading as well as deepen their comprehension. It consists of 4-6 students reading the same text, corresponding texts, texts on the same topic, or by the same author. Students should be practicing strategies, responding to the text, then meeting with their book club group for enriching discussions that will enhance their comprehension.

- **Reading and Writing Conferences:** Conferences are short interactions between a teacher and an individual student or group of students during the work period of Reader's/Writer's Workshop. During conferences, teachers check on student progress, work to meet students' individual learning needs, and work with students to set learning goals.
- **Browsing Boxes:** The purpose is to provide students with texts in which they can engage in independent reading. These books are chosen by the student and/or teacher, with emphasis on student self-selection. Each student should have texts from various genres.
- **Reading/Writing Workshop Bridge** is a daily routine in which the teacher models academic vocabulary, word study, and reading like a writer while incorporating grammar, handwriting, and phonics/spelling skills.

Grade Level Reading Expectations build from the TEKS Curriculum Framework. They reflect best practices and current research, providing rigorous expectations with clearly defined statements of what students should know and be able to do as they progress through elementary school.

Grade	Fourth Grade Literacy Mastery Expectations				
	Pearson Literacy Benchmark-	Word Recognition			
	My View	• use phonetic, structural, syntactical and contextual clues to read			
	• BOY \geq 70%	and understand unfamiliar words in grade level text			
	• MOY $\geq 80\%$	• decode multisyllabic words, using strategies, i.e., dividing			
-	 EOY ≥ 90% 	compound words or syllables and separating suffixes and			
R	_	prefixes Comprehension			
Ε	Pearson Literacy Benchmark-	 establish purpose for reading selected texts and monitoring 			
•	Mi visión	comprehension, making corrections and adjustments when that			
Α	• BOY \geq 70%	understanding breaks down (e.g., identifying clues, using			
D	• MOY $\geq 80\%$	background knowledge, generating questions, re-reading a portion			
Ι	• EOY \geq 90%	aloud)			
		 think critically/inferentially about different types of texts 			
Ν	Word Recognition	 make connections—at different levels of depth and complexity— 			
G	• Reads 500+ high frequency	both within and across texts			
	words (Fry's/District's)	• understand what makes a thematic or meaningful connection			
	Vocabulary	between texts			
	• understand and be able to apply	• understand the different between effective text evidence and			
	the specific academic vocabulary	flawed text evidence Fluency Levels			
	associated with literary and	• BOY = 111+ wcpm			
	information reading	 MOY= 130+ wcpm 			
		• EOY =144+ wcpm			
W R I T I S	 Students regularly write one page essays on a variety of topics and genres such as narrative and expository. Grammar skills and conventions are used within sentences. K-3 language conventions are applied accurately and automatically. ELA proper nouns capitalized consistent use of appropriate punctuation consistent, accurate spelling of K-4 sight words, grade level vocabulary, and academic language SLA historical events, documents, and the first words of titles of books, stories, and essays are capitalized consistent use of appropriate punctuation consistent events, documents, and the first words of titles of books, stories, and essays are capitalized consistent, accurate spelling of K-4 sight words, grade level vocabulary, and academic language 	 Students write daily. A minimum of 3-5 responses each six weeks grading period are used to monitor and assess students' writing progress. Throughout the year students will demonstrate the following proficiencies: 1. Write imaginative stories that build the plot to a climax and contain details about the characters and setting 2. Write short poems that convey sensory details using conventions of poetry 3. Write about important personal experiences 4. Create brief compositions that (i) establish a central idea in a topic sentence, (ii) include supporting sentences with simple facts, details and explanations, (iii) contain a concluding statement 5. Write letters whose language is tailored to the audience and purpose and use appropriate conventions 6. Write responses to literary or expository texts and provide evidence from the text to demonstrate understanding 7. Write persuasive essays for appropriate audiences that establish a position and use supporting details. 			

Guide for Reading Workshop: Grades 4-6

Literacy BLOCK	LOCK THE TEACHING/LEARNING STRUCTURE INSTRUCTIONAL DELIVERY COMPONENTS	
WORD WORK	INSTRUCTIONAL DE 10-15 minutes Image: Image of the structure Image of the structure Image: Image of the structure Image of the structure Image of the structure Image of the structure <th>Word Work: Teacher and students interact and manipulate word parts in order to identify words, increase fluency, and develop comprehension</th>	Word Work: Teacher and students interact and manipulate word parts in order to identify words, increase fluency, and develop comprehension
READING CRAFT LESSON Whole Group Instruction I DO	 Greek and Latin Roots 10-15 minutes Whole group instruction Comprehension strategy instruction Reading <i>To</i> Children Read aloud Reading/Writing demonstration Interactive read/write aloud 	 Reading Workshop: Whole group craft lesson followed by partner/independent reading and reading conferences. Read To (Read Aloud)/ Read With (Shared Reading): Teacher and/or students read aloud in order to build background, develop vocabulary and literary concepts, and explore expository text structure.
GUIDED READING Small Group Instruction/ Guided Practice Independent Practice Intervention WE DO/YOU DO	 30-50 minutes Partner or independent reading, guided reading, and literacy stations Reading With Children Interactive read aloud Shared reading Guided reading Reading Workshop Reading By Children Intervention Reading By Children Guided reading Partner/independent reading Reading Workshop Literacy Stations Authentic reading & writing practice Independent work time 	 Read With/Read By (Guided Reading): Using teacher-selected text, the teacher works with small, flexible groups of students to develop comprehension and fluency of increasingly difficult texts. Read By (Independent Daily Reading): Students silently read books on independent levels and respond accordingly, depending on teacher directions. Literacy Stations (to also include Science/Social Studies): Students work independently to practice skills.
REFLECTION Whole Group	5-10 minutes (Whole class/individual/conferences)	Reflection : Students reflect on learning by discussing and applying a skill or process, sharing reading/writing selections, or thinking about growth as readers/writers. Whole group discussions, small groups, or independent responses in literacy journals are used.

For a comprehensive overview of Balanced Literacy, please reference the GISD K-6 Elementary Literacy Framework Booklet.

Guide for Writing Workshop: Grades 4-6

Literacy BLOCK	THE TEACHING/LEARNING STRUCTURE INSTRUCTIONAL DELIVERY COMPONENTS		
WRITING CRAFT LESSON Whole Group Instruction	 10-15 minutes Whole group, partner or independent writing, shared writing, and writing stations Specific skill or strategy instruction Writing with children Writing aloud Writing demonstration Interactive write aloud 	 Writing Workshop: Whole group craft lesson followed by partner/independent writing and writing conferences. Write To (Write Aloud)/ Write With (Shared Writing): Teacher and/or students write aloud in order to build understanding of writing concepts and explore purpose of craft. 	
I Do		□ Write With/Write By (Guided Writing): Using	
INDEPENDENT WRITING Small Group Instruction/ Guided Practice Intervention We Do/ You Do	 30-50 minutes Children Writing Interactive write aloud Shared writing Guided writing Writing workshop Writing conferences Intervention Writing By Children Guided writing Partner/independent writing Writing stations Authentic writing practice Independent work time Intervention 	 Write With Write by (Gulded Writing). Using teacher-selected text, the teacher works with small, flexible groups of students to develop writing fluency of increasingly difficult tasks. Write By (Independent Daily Writing): Students write on independent levels and respond accordingly, depending on teacher directions. Students maintain a proofreading consciousness that reflects pride in the quality of their work. Writing Work Stations: Students write independently to maintain skills. 	
REFLECTION Whole Group	5-10 minutes (Whole class/individual/conferences)	Reflection: Students reflect on their own learning by discussing how they applied a skill or process, sharing writing selections, or thinking about growth as writers. This may happen in whole group discussions, small groups, or through independent writing tasks.	

For a comprehensive overview of Balanced Literacy, please reference the GISD K-6 Elementary Literacy Framework Booklet.